Survey Template

For the 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey

The 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Survey uses SurveyMonkey® software. SurveyMonkey® acquired FluidSurveys™, which is the software that was used for CARIP reporting for the past 2 years.

Local governments are required to submit the 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey on or before June 1, 2017.

Local governments are also required to publicly report the information submitted in the 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey. Local governments can generate a report by:

- creating a report based on the populated Survey Template; or,
- creating a report in another format that contains the information submitted in the 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey.

In response to local government input, the Survey Template has been created to assist with collecting information for the 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey, and follows the same structure as the survey.

Responses entered into the Survey Template can be cut and pasted into the online survey. The survey asks for up to five actions in each category, and there is a place in the survey to report additional actions if desired. In the Survey Template, simply add more lines to the tables to report more than five actions.

Use of the Survey Template is recommended. Local governments are encouraged to edit the populated Survey Template and use it for their public report, as the SurveyMonkey® survey will not enable survey respondents to generate a report of their responses.

Further information on CARIP can be found on the <u>Ministry of Community Sport and Cultural</u> <u>Development's website</u>.

The Government of BC will not collect, use, or disclose personal information using SurveyMonkey®. Please be aware however that IP addresses are collected by SurveyMonkey® itself, and these IP addresses and other information collected will be stored on SurveyMonkey®'s servers located outside of Canada. Please do not provide any third-party information (i.e. talk about others) in your responses to the survey.

Climate Action Revenue Incentive (CARIP) Public Report for 2016

Local Government:

Report Submitted by: Name: Jason Smith

Role: Manager of Development Services

Email: Jason.smith@anmore.com

Phone:604-469-9877

Date: April 6, 2017

The [insert Local Government here] has completed the 2016 Climate Action Revenue Incentive Program (CARIP) Public Report as required by the Province of BC. The CARIP report summarizes actions taken in 2016 and proposed for 2017 to reduce corporate and community-wide energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) and reports on progress towards achieving carbon neutrality.

2016 BROAD PLANNING ACTIONS

Broad Planning Actions

Broad Planning refers to high level planning that sets the stage for GHG emissions reductions, including plans such as Official Community Plans, Integrated Community Sustainability Plans, Climate Action Plans or Community Energy Emissions Plans. Land use planning that focuses on Smart Growth principles (compact, complete, connected, centred) plays an especially important role in energy and GHG reduction.

Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016				
None				
Community-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017				
Consideration of Infill Development that would create a more compact community.				
Corporate Actions Taken in 2016				
None				
Corporate Actions Proposed for 2017				
None				
Broad Planning				
Reduce 2007 baseline emissions level for buildings by 33% in 2020				
What is (are) your current GHG and 80% in 2050 and for transportation by 16.5% in 2020 and 40% in reduction target(s)? 2050.				
reduction target(s):				

Has your local government used the Community Energy and Emissions Inventory (CEEI) to measure progress?		Yes/No
What plans, policies or a community?	guidelines govern the implementation of climate mitigation in your	
•	Community Energy and Emissions (CEE) Plan	No
•	Climate Action Plan	No
•	Integrated Community Sustainability Plan	No
•	Official Community Plan (OCP)	Yes
•	Regional Growth Strategy (RGS)	Yes
•	Do not have a plan	
•	Other:	
Does your local government have a corporate GHG reduction plan?		No
Does your local governm	nent have a climate reserve fund or something similar?	No

2016 BUILDINGS AND LIGHTING ACTIONS

Building and Lighting Actions

Low-carbon buildings use the minimum amount of energy needed to provide comfort and safety for their inhabitants and tap into renewable energy sources for heating, cooling and power. These buildings can save money, especially when calculated over the long term. This category also includes reductions realized from energy efficient street lights and lights in parks or other public spaces.

Coi	Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016				
	None				
Coi	Community-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017				
	Consideration of Green Building Policy				

Corporate Actions Taken in 2016				
	None			

Corporate Actions Proposed for 2017
None
2016 ENERGY GENERATION ACTIONS
Energy Generation Actions
A transition to renewable or low-emission energy sources for heating, cooling and power supports large, long-term GHG emissions reductions. Renewable energy including waste heat recovery (e.g. from biogas and biomass), geo-exchange, micro hydroelectric, solar thermal and solar photovoltaic, heat pumps, tidal, wave, and wind energy can be implemented at different scales, e.g. in individual homes, or integrated across neighbourhoods through district energy or co-generation systems.
Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016
Repaired solar photovoltaic system providing energy to the Village Hall.
Community-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017
None
Corporate Actions Taken in 2016
None
Corporate Actions Proposed for 2017
None

Energy Generation		
Is your local go	vernment developing, or constructing:	
•	A district energy system	No
•	A renewable energy system	No
Is your local government operating:		
•	A district energy system	No
•	A renewable energy system	Yes
Is your local government connected to a district energy system that is operated by another energy provider?		No
Are you aware Toolkit?	of the Integrated Resource Recovery guidance page on the <u>BC Climate Action</u>	No

2016 GREENSPACE/ NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION ACTIONS

Greenspace Actions

Greenspace/Natural Resource Protection refers to the creation of parks and greenways, boulevards, community forests, urban agriculture, riparian areas, gardens, recreation/school sites, and other green spaces, such as remediated brownfield/contaminated sites as well as the protection of wetlands, waterways and other naturally occurring features.

Coi	Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016				
	Secured 9.4 acres of new park land through rezoning a property commonly referred to as Bella				
	Terra.				
Coi	mmunity-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017				
	Possible new park land acquisitions through other development applications.				

Corporate	Actions To	kan in	2016
Corporate	ALLIUIIS T	iken m	ZUID

Car	porate Actions Proposed for 2017	
COI	porate Actions Proposed for 2017	
Gre	eenspace	
	es your local government have urban forest policies, plans or programs?	No
2	2016 SOLID WASTE ACTIONS	
C -	I'd Masta Astiona	
50	lid Waste Actions	
Red	ducing, reusing, recycling, recovering and managing the disposal of the residual solid waste m	ninimizes
env	vironmental impacts and supports sustainable environmental management, greenhouse gas	
	luctions, and improved air and water quality.	
	decisions, and improved an analysis quantity.	
Coı	mmunity-Wide Actions Taken in 2016	
	None	
Coı	mmunity-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017	
	None	
_		
Coı	rporate Actions Taken in 2016	
	None	

Cor	porate Actions Proposed for 2017	
	None	
Soli	d Waste	
Doe	s your local government have construction and demolition waste reduction policies, plans	No
or p	rograms?	
Doe	s your local government have organics reduction/diversion policies, plans or programs?	No
2	016 TRANSPORTATION ACTIONS	
	UID TRANSPORTATION ACTIONS	
Tra	nsportation Actions	
Trar	sportation actions that increase transportation system efficiency, emphasize the movemen	t of
peo	ple and goods, and give priority to more efficient modes, e.g. walking, cycling, ridesharing, a	and
•	lic transit, can contribute to reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and more livable comm	
J		
Con	nmunity -Wide Actions Taken in 2016	
	Improved bus service provided by TransLink as part of the Mayors` Plan.	
Con	nmunity-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017	
	None	
Cor	porate Actions Taken in 2016	
	None	
Cor	porate Actions Proposed for 2017	
	Sidewalk Improvement Policy Adopted	
	Specific budget proposed for improving sidewalks	

Transportation		
Does your local governm	nent have policies, plans or programs to support:	
•	Walking	Yes
•	Cycling	Yes
•	Transit Use	Yes
•	Electric Vehicle Use	No
•	Other (please specify)	No
Does your local government have a transportation demand management (TDM) strategy (e.g.		No
to reduce single-vehicle occupancy trips, increase travel options, provide incentives to		
encourage individuals to modify travel behavior)?		
Does your local government have policies, plans or programs to support local food		No
production (thus reducir	ng transportation emissions)?	
		•

2016 WATER AND WASTEWATER ACTIONS

Managing and reducing water consumption and wastewater is an important aspect of developing a sustainable built environment that supports healthy communities, protects ecological integrity, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions.

Co	Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016			
	None			
Co	Community-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017			
	None			

Со	Corporate Actions Taken in 2016		
	None		

Cor	porate Actions Proposed for 2017
	None
14/0	ter Conservation
	es your local government have water conservation policies, plans or programs? No
Doc	ss your local government have water conservation policies, plans or programs:
2	016 CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION ACTIONS
Cli	mate Change Adaptation Actions
	local governments, adaptation to a changing climate can take the form of changes in policy,
	nagement, technology and behaviour that minimize negative impacts or exploit opportunities. It can
	blve both "hard" and "soft" solutions, including: changes in infrastructure engineering, planning,
zon	ing, bylaws, and public education.
Clin	nate Change Adaptation Actions Taken in 2016
	None
Clin	nate Change Adaptation Actions Proposed for 2017
	None
	ources you have used to support climate change adaptation (e.g. Plan2Adapt, Preparing for
Clin	nate Change: Implementation Guide)
	None
In 2	016 did you consider climate change impacts in any of the following areas? (check if yes)

Risk reduction strategies	
Risk and Vulnerability assessment	
Asset management	
Infrastructure upgrades (e.g. stormwater system upgrades)	
Cross-department working groups	
Emergency response planning	
Land-use policy changes (eg. OCP, DPA)	
Economic diversification initiatives	
Ecosystem-based approaches (incl. shorelines)	
Incentives (e.g. property owner reducing stormwater run-off)	
Public education and awareness	
Research (e.g.mapping, participation in studies)	
Other (Please Identify):	

2016 OTHER CLIMATE ACTIONS

Community-Wide Actions Taken in 2016

Other Climate Actions

This section provides local governments the opportunity to report other climate actions that are not captured in the categories above.

	None			
Cor	Community-Wide Actions Proposed for 2017			
	None			
Cor	porate Actions Taken in 2016			
	None			

Corporate Actions Proposed for 2017	
None	
Other	
Are you familiar with the Community Lifecycle Infrastructure Costing Tool (CLIC)?	Yes
Have you used CLIC?	No
INNOVATION AND PEER-TO-PEER LEARNING	
Innovation	
This section provides the opportunity to showcase an innovative Corporate and/or Commun	itv-Wida
	•
GHG reduction or climate change adaptation activity that your local government has undertain	
that has had or has the potential to have a significant impact. Projects included here may be	
success stories on the B.C. Climate Action Toolkit and/or shared with other local government	ts to inspir
further climate action. Please add links to additional information where possible.	
Community-Wide Innovative Action	
Corporate Innovative Action	
Programs Partnerships and Funding Opportunities	
	.a. #b.a.!
Local governments often rely on programs, partnerships and funding opportunities to achiev	
Programs, Partnerships and Funding Opportunities Local governments often rely on programs, partnerships and funding opportunities to achieve climate action goals. Please share the names of programs and organizations that have support	
Local governments often rely on programs, partnerships and funding opportunities to achiev	
Local governments often rely on programs, partnerships and funding opportunities to achieve climate action goals. Please share the names of programs and organizations that have support	

2016 CARBON NEUTRAL REPORTING

Local governments are required to report on their progress in achieving their carbon neutral goal under the Climate Action Charter. Working with B.C. local governments, the joint Provincial-UBCM Green Communities Committee (GCC) has established a common approach to determining carbon neutrality for the purposes of the Climate Action Charter, including a Carbon Neutral Framework and supporting guidance for local governments on how to become carbon neutral.

Prior to completing this survey, please ensure that you are familiar with guidance available on the B.C. Climate Action Toolkit website, especially Becoming Carbon Neutral: A Guide for Local Governments in British Columbia.

Reporting Emissions

Did you measure your local government's corporate GHG emissions in 2016?	No
If your local government measured 2016 corporate GHG emissions, please report	
the number of corporate GHG emissions (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent)	
from services delivered <u>directly</u> by your local government:	
If your local government measured 2016 corporate GHG emissions, please report	
the number of corporate GHG emissions (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent)	
from <u>contracted</u> services:	
TOTAL A: CORPORATE GHG EMISSIONS FOR 2016	tCO2e

Reporting Reductions and Offsets

To be carbon neutral, a local government must balance their TOTAL corporate GHG emissions by one or a combination of the following actions:

- undertake GCC-supported Option 1 Projects
- undertake GCC-supported Option 2 Projects (community GHG emissions reduction projects that meet project eligibility requirements)
- purchase carbon offsets from a credible offset provider

If applicable, please report the 2016 GHG emissions reductions (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e)) being claimed from Option 1 GHG Reduction Projects:

OPTION 1 PROJECTS	REDUCTIONS

Energy Efficient Retrofits		
Solar Thermal		
Household Organic Waste Composting		
Low Emission Vehicles		
A citied for each Connection		
Avoided Forest Conversion		
TOTAL B: REDUCTIONS FROM OPTION 1 PROJECTS FOR 2016	tCO2e	
If applicable, please report the names and 2016 GHG emissions reductions (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e)) being claimed from Option 2 GHG Reduction Projects:		
OPTION 2 PROJECT NAME	REDUCTIONS	

If applicable, please report the number of offsets purchased (in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e)) from an offset provider for the 2016 reporting year:

TOTAL C: REDUCTIONS FROM OPTION 2 PROJECTS FOR 2016

(NOTE: DO NOT INCLUDE ANY FUNDS THAT MAY BE SET ASIDE IN A CLIMATE ACTION RESERVE FUND)

OFFSET PROVIDER NAME	OFFSETS

tCO2e

tCO2e

TOTAL REDUCTIONS AND OFFSETS FOR 2016 (Total B+C+D) =

tCO2e

Corporate GHG Emissions Balance for 2016

Your local government's Corporate GHG Emissions Balance is the difference between total corporate GHG emissions (direct + contracted emissions) and the GHG emissions reduced through GCC Option 1 and Option 2 projects and/or the purchase of offsets.

CORPORATE GHG EMISSIONS BALANCE FOR 2016 = (A – (B+C+D)) = tCO2e

If your Corporate GHG Emissions Balance is negative or zero, your local government is carbon neutral.

CONGRATULATIONS!

GCC CLIMATE ACTION RECOGNITION PROGRAM

Green Communities Committee (GCC) Climate Action Recognition Program

The joint Provincial-UBCM Green Communities Committee (GCC) is pleased to be continuing the Climate Action Recognition Program again this year. This multi-level program provides the GCC with an opportunity to review and publicly recognize the progress and achievements of each Climate Action Charter (Charter) signatory.

This year a new recognition level has been added – **Level 3: Accelerating Progress on Charter Commitments**–. Recognition is provided on an annual basis to local governments who demonstrate progress on their Charter commitments, according to the following:

Level 1 – Demonstrating Progress on Charter Commitments: for local governments who demonstrate progress on fulfilling one or more of their Charter commitments

Level 2 – Measuring GHG Emissions: for local governments that achieve level 1, and who have measured their Corporate GHG Emissions for the reporting year and demonstrate that they are familiar with the Community Energy and Emissions Inventory (CEEI)

Level 3 – Accelerating Progress on Charter Commitments: for those local governments who have achieved level 1 and 2 and have demonstrated undertaking significant action (corporately or community wide) to reduce GHG emissions in the reporting year (ie: through undertaking a GHG reduction project, purchasing offsets, establishing a reserve fund).

Level 4 - Achievement of Carbon Neutrality: for local governments who achieve carbon neutrality in the reporting year.

For purposes of Level 3 recognition, if applicable, please identify any new or ongoing corporate or community wide GHG reduction projects (other than an Option 1 or Option 2 project) undertaken by your local government that reflects a significant investment of time or financial resources and is intended to result in significant GHG reductions:

PROJECT NAME:		

Based on your local government's 2016 CARIP Climate Action/Carbon Neutral Progress Survey, please check the GCC Climate Action Recognition Program level that best applies:

Level 1 – Demonstrating Progress on Charter Commitments	Level 1
Level 2 – Measuring GHG Emissions	
Level 3 – Accelerating Progress on Charter Commitments	
Level 4 - Achievement of Carbon Neutrality	
Not Sure	